



120 Barrington Avenue, East Dundee Illinois 60118

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

HYDRANT FLUSHING

The Public Works Department will begin its semi-annual Hydrant Flushing Program during the week of October 23, 2017, and is expected to complete the work in November. Crews will flush hydrants between the daytime hours of 9:00 am and 3:00 pm, Monday through Friday. Signage will be posted on streets notifying residents where crews will be working in advance of the flushing activities. Please note that the Village will not perform hydrant flushing on days in which freezing or other inclement weather is anticipated so as to avoid creating icing or flooding conditions.

This is an important water system operation and its purpose is two-fold. First, flushing the system purges sediment which has accumulated on the bottom of water mains. By clearing the water mains, we improve water quality and mitigate the occasional mineral deposit which can make its way into a service line and stain/discolor laundry. Second, this operation exercises water system components to ensure their proper operation in the event of an emergency.

Immediately following the flushing of your nearest hydrant, you may notice temporarily discolored water (iron and mineral sediments). The Village recommends running water through cold water faucets that do not have strainers or aerators (aerators are commonly found on the kitchen sink and bathroom sink faucets.) Most basement laundry tub sinks and bathtubs do not have such devices and can be used to flush out your home's water lines. While the water is safe to use, you should flow water through your faucets for several minutes to draw in clear water. Residents should refrain from washing laundry when flushing is being done in or near their neighborhood, as the temporarily discolored water may cause laundry staining.

If you are interested, more information regarding the quality of the Village's water supply can be found in the Village's Annual Water Quality Report (see attached).

If you have any questions regarding this Program, please contact the Village at (847) 426-2822. Thank you for your patience during this process.

Source of Drinking Water

Source Water Information

The Source of Drinking Water used by East Dundee is Ground Water. Well #5 & Well #6 - 225 Prairie Lakes Road.

Source of Drinking Water: Sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pickup substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.

Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.

Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immune-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Source Water Assessment

To determine East Dundee's susceptibility to groundwater contamination, the Well Site Survey, published in 1992, and the survey conducted under the pilot source water protection program were reviewed. During the surveys of East Dundee's source water protection area, potential sources, routes, or possible problem sites within the minimum setback zones, maximum setback zones, and recharge area were recorded. There are no sites within the minimum setback zones. Within the maximum setback zones, thirteen sites are located within the zone around wells #2 and #3 and two sites are located within the zone around well #4. There are eight sites located within the recharge area. Twenty additional sites are located outside the setback zones and recharge area. The Illinois EPA considers the source water of this facility to be susceptible to contamination. This determination is based on a number of criteria including: monitoring conducted at the wells, monitoring conducted at the entry point to the distribution system, the available hydro geologic data on the wells, and the land-use activities in the recharge area of the wells.

Village of East Dundee
120 Barrington Ave
East Dundee, IL 60118



Postal Customer
Dundee, IL 60118



Department of Public Works
Providing safe drinking water and high quality service to our customers since 1902.

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report 2016

IL 0890250

For the period of January 1 to
December 31, 2016

This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water.

For more information regarding this report contact: **Gregg Goetz** Phone: **847-428-4294** or email- **GGoetz@eastdundee.net**

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water quality. If you would like to learn more, please feel welcome to attend any of our regularly scheduled board meetings. The meetings are held at 6:00pm on the first and third Mondays of the month at East Dundee Village Hall. Located at 120 Barrington Ave.

Este informe contiene información muy importante. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien. ("This report contains very important information. Translate it, or speak with someone who understands it.")

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Consumer Confidence Report

Lead and Copper Definitions:

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Village of East Dundee is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Action Level Goal (ALG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety.

Water Quality Test Results Definitions:

The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

ppm - mg/l: milligrams per liter or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water.

ppb - ug/l: micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water.

n/a: not applicable.

Avg: Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.

pCi/L: Picouries per liter (a measurement of radioactivity)

Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

2016 Lead and Copper Update - The Village of East Dundee is proud to report the Village meets safe limits of the lead and copper rule. Water Department staff continues to monitor lead levels within the water system as required by the Rule.

In the Home post treatment- The Village of East Dundee operates a water filtration and softening facility as of 2011. The water is softened to a level near 125 mg/l of hardness. It is suggested that you shut your home softener off but it is up to personal preferences. If you continue with your home treatment units please make sure you have adjusted them to the current water quality levels. If you run the unit at old settings you may over soften your water and this could cause long term plumbing problems. If you decide to not use your home softener please make sure it is disconnected properly. If you need any assistance please call the Water Department at 847-428-4294.

2015 Regulated Contaminants

Lead & Copper Results	Date sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# of sites over (AL)	Units	Violation	Likely source of contamination
Copper	2016	1.3	1.3	0.184	0	ppm	None	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.
Lead	2016	0	15	2.2	0	ppb	None	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Disinfectant & Disinfection By-Products	Collection date	Highest Level Detection	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine	12/31/16	1.0	0.9-1.2	MRDLG = 4	MRDL = 4	ppm	None	Water additive used to control microbes.
Total Trihalo-methanes (TTHM)	2016	20	20.4-20.4	No goal for total	80	ppb	None	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Haloacetic	2016	6	5.68-5.68	No goal for	60	ppb	None	By-product of drinking water chlorination.

*** Not all sample results may have been used for calculating the Highest Level Detected because some results may be part of an evaluation to determine where compliance sampling should occur in the future

Inorganic Contaminants	Collection date	Highest Level Detection	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Arsenic	2015	N/A	N/A		10	ppb	None	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
Barium	2015	0.13	0.11-0.13	2	2	ppm	None	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.
Fluoride	2015	0.266	0-0.266	4	4	ppm	None	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Iron	2015	0.7	0.33-0.7		1	ppm	None	This contaminant is not currently regulated by the USEPA. However, the state regulates. Erosion from naturally occurring deposits
Manganese	2015	85	29-85	150	150	ppb	None	This contaminant is not currently regulated by the USEPA. However, the state regulates. Erosion from naturally occurring deposits.
Nitrate (measured as Nitrogen)	2016	N/A	N/A	10	10	ppm	None	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.
Sodium	2016	150	150			ppm	None	Erosion from naturally occurring deposits: Used in water softener regeneration.
Combined Radium 226/228	2016	1	0.998-0.998	0	5	pCi/L	None	Erosion of natural deposits.
Gross Alpha excluding radon & uranium	2015	N/A	N/A	0	15	pCi/L	None	Erosion of natural deposits
Zinc	2015	0.015	0-0.015	5	5	ppm	None	This contaminant is not currently regulated by the USEPA. However, the state regulates. Erosion from naturally occurring deposits

Some contaminants are sampled less frequently than once a year; as a result, not all contaminants were sampled for during the CCR calendar year. If any of these contaminants were detected the last time they were sampled for, they are included in the table along with the date that the detection occurred. There is not a MCL for sodium, Monitoring is required to provide information to consumers and health officials that are concerned about sodium intake due to dietary precautions.